

MEMORANDUM

DATE: **April 16, 2014**

TO: Randy McCaslin, Assistant City Manager

FROM: Michael E. McNair, Director

SUBJECT: Public Hearing for the 2014-15 Annual Action Plan

The Community Development and Housing Department (CD&H) requests a public hearing for the 2014-15 Annual Action Plan during Council's regularly scheduled meeting on April 21st. CD&H has completed necessary activities for preparation and submission of the Plan to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The final steps prior to submission are a public hearing and Council approval. A draft of the Plan describing the activities and programs proposed for the 2014-15 program year is attached for Council's review. The plan must be submitted to HUD no later than May 15, 2014.

The 2014-15 allocations were released late again this year with the city receiving CDBG funds in the amount of \$809,899 (a \$35,054 decrease from last year) and HOME funds in the amount of \$356,000 (a \$18,109 increase from last year); a net decrease of \$16,945. The decrease in CDBG funding was distributed in the plan in a manner to avoid impacting public service allocations made by the CAC. The increase in HOME funds was primarily applied to CHDO activities.

The Annual Action Plan is designed to implement strategies and programs that accomplish objectives identified in the City's five year Consolidated Plan. The goals and measurable objectives for the proposed projects in the Plan are consistent with federal regulatory requirements. The process to develop the Plan included the following:

- Two community meetings were scheduled to discuss programs and seek citizen input; one meeting was cancelled due to inclement weather:
- The Citizen Advisory Council (CAC) received presentations from public service grant applicants on February 27th;
- A draft of the proposed Plan was released for public comment from March 17th through April 16th; and
- The CAC finalized its Public Service Grant awards, conducted a public hearing for the Action Plan on March 27th and voted unanimously to recommend that Council approve the plan.

The action plan process has met HUD citizen participation requirements for plan development such as public availability of the proposed Plan, public hearings on the Plan, and the public comment period. We ask that Council favorably consider approval of the 2014-15 Annual Action Plan and authorize the City Manager to execute necessary documents.

2014-2015 Annual Action Plan

CDBG/HOME Programs
July 1, 2014 -- June 30, 2015

Bernita Sims, Mayor

Strib Boynton, City Manager

City Council Members:

Jim Davis, Ward 5, Mayor Pro Tem Jeff Golden, Ward 1 Judy Mendenhall, Ward 3 Becky Smothers, At-large Britt Moore, At-large Foster Douglas, Ward 2 Jay Wagner, Ward 4 Jason Ewing, Ward 6



Submitted by

Community Development & Housing Department

Michael E. McNair, Director 211 South Hamilton Street, Suite 312 High Point, North Carolina 27261 (336) 883-3349

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I. Executive Summary

The City of High Point's 2014-2015 Annual Action Plan, the fifth and final of the 5-year period from FY 2010/11—2014/15, describes activities proposed for funding and implementation during FY 2014-2015. The Action Plan Sets forth a description of proposed activities, establishing goals and objectives for each of them. The Plan is based on the housing and community priority needs as defined in the Consolidated Plan¹ along with anticipated financial resources available to address those needs. The Plan also contains goals and measurable objectives for projects and activities which implement strategies establish in the Consolidated Plan. The 2014-2015 Annual Action Plan complies with regulations issued by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in 1995. HUD requires Entitlement² communities such as High Point to consolidate its planning, application and reporting requirements for HUD programs including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and the HOME Investment Partnership Grant programs (HOME). The Action Plan must be prepared each year. It is presented for approval to the City Council and the Citizens Advisory Council. It must be submitted to HUD by May 15, 2014. A final Plan will be made available for review on the City's website, www.high-point.net/cd and in print form at the Community Development and Housing Department's office, 211 S. Hamilton Street, Suite 312, High Point, NC 27261.

II. Community Development and Housing Department Overview

The City of High Point's Community Development and Housing Department (CD&H) is committed to providing the highest level of service and a broad range of opportunities to its customers. Recognizing that neighborhoods cannot be strengthened simply with "sticks and bricks," the Department implements a diverse but coordinated mixture of programs ranging from affordable housing activities to public services to various neighborhood improvement and community capacity-building activities. Additionally, the Department actively seeks funding from other sources such as NC Housing Finance Agency, US DOJ, and the IRS to direct more resources towards low-moderate-income communities.

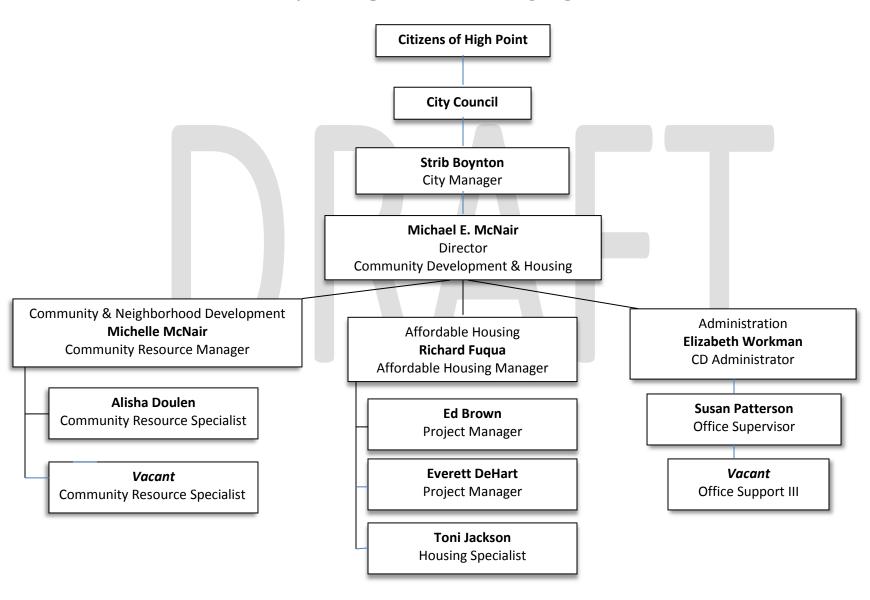
CD&H is responsible for program administration, monitoring, compliance, and evaluation of all programs funded from state and federal sources. It prepares the 5-year Consolidated Plan, the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing choice, and the One-Year Action Plan. The Department also manages the citizen participation process; makes program documents available for public inspection/comment; assists the Citizens Advisory Council (CAC); and seeks City Council approval of the Action Plan. Each year the Department prepares a Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report³ (CAPER) to inform citizens of the use and impact of community development funds. CD&H staff provide progress reports to the City Manager, the Citizens Advisory Council and City Council. These reports include recommendations on reallocation of funds as appropriate. The Department's organization chart is shown on the following page.

¹ A five-year plan that describes a community's needs, resources, priorities, and proposed activities to be undertaken with HUD funding, primarily CDBG and HOME program funds. The Consolidated Plan is updated annually.

² A city which, based on factors such as its population, age of housing and poverty levels, is entitled to receive CDBG funds directly from HUD.

³ A CAPER reports how jurisdictions carried out housing and community strategies, projects and activities in the past year.

Community Development and Housing Organizational Chart



A. Citizens Advisory Council

The Citizens Advisory Council (CAC), a nine-member volunteer entity composed of City residents, plays a key role in the planning process. CAC members are appointed by the Mayor and City Council, and are limited to two consecutive two-year terms. The CAC was established in April 1974 to function as the primary citizen participation mechanism for projects planned and implemented with HUD funds. CD&H is responsible for providing administrative and technical support to the CAC. The CAC meets once a month; all meetings are open to the public. Current members are:

Jerry Mingo, Chair At-large Jeffery Sypole, Ward 3 Scott Niebauer, Ward 6 Jeffrey Golden, Ward 1 Myra Clodfelter, Ward 4 Teresa Jones-Echard, At-Large Judy Mendenhall, City Council Liaison Vacant, Ward 2 Thomas Kak, Ward 5 Yvonne Short, At-Large

B. The Planning Process

Participation of the general public and of public organizations is extremely important to the development of the Annual Action Plan. To maximize citizen participation, CD&H staff conducts community meetings to discuss the planning process and solicit input. Community meetings are advertised in local newspapers at least 14 days in advance. This year's meeting was held at the YWCA, 112 Gatewood, High Point on March 18th. During these meetings, staff reviewed HUD national objectives as well as ongoing Department activities and facilitated a discussion of community needs along with suggestions for improving programs. Meeting with the community gives the Department the best opportunities to interact with residents and receive feedback. Staff regularly attend neighborhood group and association meetings in the Core City throughout the year which build partnerships, maintains meaningful and productive relationships in the community, and enhances the Department's ability to develop responsive, relevant programs.

C. Public Hearings

Two public hearings were conducted on the proposed Action Plan. The Citizens Advisory Council conducted the first public hearing at 6:30 PM on Thursday March 27, 2014 on the third floor of City Hall, 211 South Hamilton Street, High Point. The second public hearing was conducted by City Council during its regularly scheduled meeting on Monday, April 21, 2014 in City Council chambers on the third floor of City Hall, 211 South Hamilton Street.

D. Public Notice

In accordance with HUD regulations, the Community Development and Housing Department published a draft of the proposed 2014-2015 Annual Action Plan for public review and comment for 30 days beginning March 17, and ending April 18, 2014. The proposed plan was available for review at the following locations:

- ♣ City of High Point Parks & Recreation Dept., 136 Northpoint Avenue
- ♣ Community Development & Housing Department, Suite 312, City Hall, 211 S. Hamilton Street
- **↓** Community & Neighborhood Development Center, 201 Fourth Street
- ♣ High Point Public Library
- ₩ High Point Housing Authority, 500 E. Russell Street
- ♣ The City's website: www.high-point.net/cd
- ♣ West End Ministries, 901 English Road
- **↓** YWCA, 112 Gatewood Avenue

The Annual Action Plan describes housing and community development activities proposed by the City for the period between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015 using a blend of HOME, CDBG Entitlement, program income, and local funds. The Plan also identifies other activities funded by a Lead Hazard Control grant; Health and Human Services, North Carolina Housing Finance Agency, HUD Section 108; Neighborhood Stabilization Program; US DOJ; the IRS/Volunteer Income Tax Assistance, and Shelter Plus Care. For more information, please call or write: Community Development & Housing Department, City of High Point, PO Box 230, High Point NC, 2721 or visit our website, www.high-point.net/cd. The City's meeting facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. Anyone needing special accommodations may call (336) 883-3298 (voice) or (336) 883-8517 (TDD to make prior arrangements.

E. Projected Sources of Funding

The CDBG program was created to plan and implement projects that foster revitalization of eligible communities throughout the United States. High Point is an Entitlement city, eligible to receive an annual CDBG allocation directly from HUD. Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, is the legislation that authorizes the federal government to disburse block grant funds. The primary goal of this legislation is the development of viable urban communities. Program objectives include the provision of decent housing, a suitable living environment and expanded opportunities principally for low to moderate-income individuals and families. The City of High Point has been an Entitlement city for 38 years. CDBG-funded projects and activities must meet one of three broad national objectives; all of High Point's CDBG-funded activities in the Annual Action Plan meet at least one of these national objectives:

- 1. Benefit low- and moderate-income persons
- 2. Aid in the prevention and/or elimination of slums or blight
- 3. Meet community developments needs having a particular urgency

HUD also allocates HOME program funding to assist in implementing affordable housing strategies that address local housing needs. The HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) provides formula grants to states and localities that communities use---often in partnership with local nonprofit groups---to fund a wide range of activities including building, buying, and/or rehabilitating affordable housing for rent or homeownership or providing direct rental assistance to low-income people. HOME is the largest Federal block grant to state and local government designed exclusively to create affordable housing for low-income households.

HOME funds are awarded annually as formula grants to participating jurisdictions or PJs. The program's flexibility allows states and local governments to use HOME funds for grants, direct loans, loan guarantees or other forms of credit enhancements or rental assistance of security deposits. The program was designed to reinforce several important values and principles of community development:

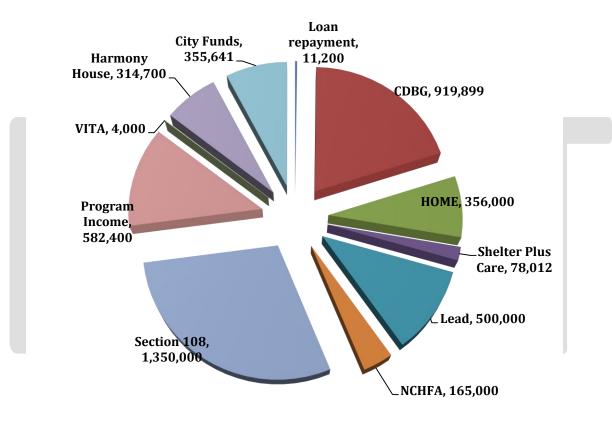
- ♣ HOME's flexibility empowers people and communities to design and implement strategies tailored to their own needs and priorities
- ♣ HOME's emphasis on consolidated planning expands and strengthens partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector in the development of affordable housing
- **HOME**'s technical assistance activities and set-aside for qualified community-based nonprofit housing groups builds the capacity of these partners
- **HOME's** requirement that participating jurisdictions match 25 cents of every dollar in program funds mobilizes community resources in support of affordable housing

Grantees must spend their allocations within five years, otherwise funds are subject to recapture by HUD. In the past the City of High Point received its HOME funds allocation as part of a consortium that included the cities of Greensboro and Burlington as well as Alamance and Guildford counties. The City exited the Greensboro Consortium and gained its status as a Participating Jurisdiction⁴ in July, 2005.

HUD regulations require the City identify all resources expected to be available to implement activities identified in the Annual Action Plan. These funds, enumerated in the chart on the next page, will be used to develop a coordinated, comprehensive approach to the core goals identified in the Plan.

⁴ HUD designation as a Participating Jurisdiction occurs if a State or local government meets funding thresholds, notifies HUD that it intends to participate in the program, and obtains approval by HUD of its Consolidated Plan.

2014-2015 ANTICIPATED FUNDING & SOURCE TOTAL EXPECTED: \$4,636,852



This graph depicts the fact that CD&H has diverse sources of income: note that other sources comprise more than CDBG and HOME funds. The variety of fund sources also speaks to the diversity of programs used to address other factors that affect peoples' homes in addition to affordability, such as types of housing, safety of the home environment, employment, family and mental health issues.

Proposed Use of Funds

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A. H. Program Delivery	429,152
CHDO	113,060
CHDO Operating Support	15,000
Urgent Repair	100,000
Homebuyer Assistance/IDA	151,000
Infill Housing Development	223,259
Lead Hazard Control	655,530
Construction Partnership Training	130,000
LIHTC Hartley Ridge	1,350,000
Section 108 Loan Payment	11,200
Housing Development Lease Purchase/rental	500,000
	3,678,201

Community & Neighborhood Development:

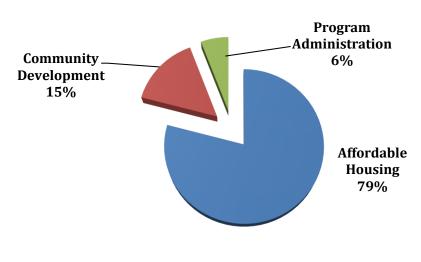
	223,124
are)	78,012
	4,000
	314,700
	10,000
	64,495
	694,331
1	are)

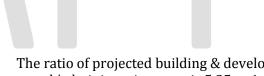
Program Administration:

Program Administration	188,980
Operating Costs/Consulting/Travel & Training	<u>75,540</u>
	264,320

GRAND TOTAL: \$4,636,852

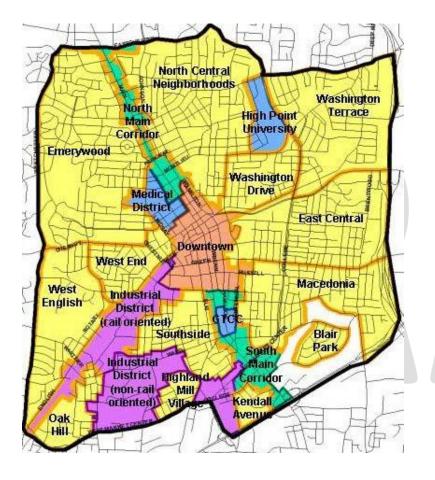
Expenditure Percentages





The ratio of projected building & development costs to personnel/administrative costs is 5.35 to 1: for every \$1 spent for Program Administration and salaries, \$5.35 goes into the community. Housing expenditures are by nature more expensive than Community & Neighborhood Development costs due to the capital-intensive nature of building.

F. Geographic Priorities and Core City Plan



The Core City Plan is a major initiative of the High Point City Council. On September 8, 2005, a contract was awarded to the Walker Collaborative to conduct the planning process as well as prepare a Vision and Plan. After the Plan was completed, the Community Growth Vision Statement and Core City Plan were adopted by the High Point City council on February 8, 2007. The Plan's purpose is to provide a clear blueprint for improving the physical, economic and social facets of High Point's central core area: it reflects the collective vision of the community. With adoption of the Plan, other City policies will be adapted for consistency with the plan including zoning, development regulations, and capital improvement projects. In addition to the main focus on the Core City, this project also forged a community-wide vision as a framework into which the Core City Plan and other future plan can fit. As the City moves toward implementation of the Core City Plan, CD&H will continue to re-evaluate its progress and practices to ensure the Department is aligned with Council priorities as articulated in the The Department will utilize the Plan for guidance on its Plan. development, redevelopment and revitalization activities in the City's core area. The Core City area is defined as "downtown and the surrounding neighborhoods, commercial/industrial areas and gateway corridors," illustrated to the left.

A key objective of the Core City Plan is to stabilize and strengthen Core City's neighborhoods by minimizing existing negative conditions while reinforcing positive qualities. The Plan goes further to identify specific improvements in our targeted Core City area. The neighborhoods most commonly have one or more of the following characteristics:

- **♣** Natural or man-made boundaries
- **♣** Legal subdivision
- Shared development patterns
- Common economic conditions

A common theme expressed through neighborhood discussions was that the City largely represented a more post-war suburban feel with houses set back and larger front yards. Most homes were constructed over 50 years ago and are now aging, which represents a

great need in the Core City environment. Because of this need, the Core City Plan makes a common recommendation throughout: rehabilitate existing homes, and develop appropriate infill housing on vacant parcels. The Core City Plan lays out specific challenges and recommendations for each affected neighborhood. CD&H programs focus on target areas in the heart of Core City.

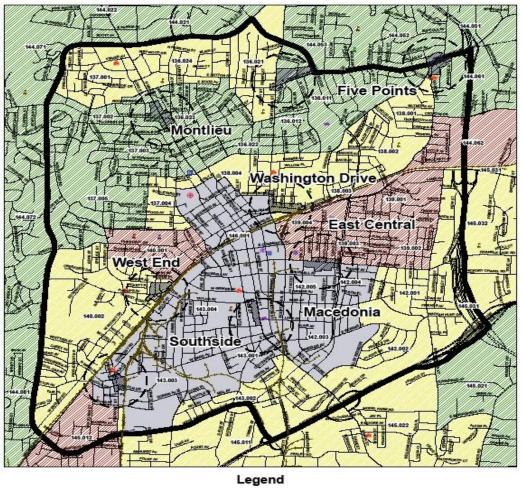
Due to the concentration of low-to-moderate income households in the heart of Core City, CD&H has historically targeted neighborhoods in that area. Current targeted neighborhoods are Washington Street, East Central, Macedonia, Southside and West End, all of which contain the traditional urban land uses of residential, commercial and industrial. Significant residential uses exist in the Washington Street, East Central and West End sub-neighborhoods. Commercial uses straddle Main Street and the area's historical business corridor. Industrial uses, primarily textile and furniture manufacturing plants, are sprinkled throughout with concentrations in Southside and Macedonia. Violent crime has historically been pervasive but significant impact has been made by the Police Department's Focused Deterrent Initiative in Southside, West End, East Central and Washington Street. Targeted areas have a large number of vacant lots and boarded up houses that are a blighting influence. In recent years the City has made a concerted effort through housing code enforcement to demolish substandard houses that blight Core City neighborhoods.

In an effort to facilitate the construction of infill housing in the Core City, the Departments of Planning and Development and Community Development & Housing co-sponsored a text amendment to the City of High Point's development ordinance witch establishes a new zoning category known as RS-5, Residential Single Family District. This zoning category is primarily intended to accommodate high-density single family detached dwellings in the Core City where public water and sewer service is required. Overall gross density in RS-5 will typically be 7.0 units per acre or less. This category allows for the construction of homes on lots as small as 5,000 square feet. Utilization of the RS-5 category will require Council approval to rezone all affected properties. The text amendment was unanimously recommended to Council and approved at its regularly scheduled meeting on March 3, 2008. The first application of the RS-5 zoning was in the Southside community. The Graves Avenue area was rezoned to RS-5 as well.

G. Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Area (NRSA)

The extreme concentration of low-to-moderate income families in the heart of the Core City qualified High Point to obtain Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Area designations for specific construction projects. This designation is possible due to HUD's desire to create communities of opportunity in distressed neighborhoods. Entitlement communities such as High Point may define a NRSA that meets the threshold for low/moderate income residents and is primarily residential. Within the NRSA the City receives much greater flexibility in the use of CDBG funds to stimulate the reinvestment of human and economic capital by economically empowering low-income residents. In order to enhance the impact of its community development programs in Core City neighborhoods, the Department successfully submitted an application for NRSA designation from HUD in specific Core City areas. The area submitted to HUD for NRSA approval is shown in grey on the map on the following page.

Low / Moderate Percentages by Block Group



Continuing decline, widespread disinvestment in many communities, and the spillover effects in surrounding areas all point to the need for a different approach to rebuilding communities. HUD specifies that at least 70% of households in the NRSA must have low-to-moderate incomes This map depicts LMI household (LMI). percentages in High Point by census block Block groups in red have LMI groups.5 percentages in excess of 70%; yellow areas have LMI percentages of 50-70%; green has LMI percentages of less than 50%. Clearly the greatest concentration of LMI households is in the heart of the Core City. The NRSA designation will be used enhance revitalization projects in the Macedonia and Southside communities.

The purple/grey areas show the boundaries of the NRSA in the City of High Point.

One of the census tracts in the Core-city was recently identified as an economically distressed tract by the Center for Urban and Regional Studies⁶

Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Areas (NRSA)

Less than 50% Low/Moderate

More than 50% & less than 70% Low/Moderate

Greater than 70% Low/Moderate





⁵ A census block group is a subdivision of a census track and is the smallest geographic unit for which the Census Bureau tabulates 100% data. Many blocks correspond to individual city blocks bounded by streets but blocks, especially in rural areas, may include many square miles and may have non-street boundaries.

⁶ North Carolina's Distressed Urban Tracts: A View of the State's Economically Disadvantage Communities by William High & Todd Owen, Center for Urban & Regional Studies, UNC Chapel Hill.

H. Income Guidelines

HUD is required by law to set income limits in determining eligibility of applicants for assisted housing programs which use HUD funds. The income guidelines provided to High Point reflect incomes for the Greensboro-High Point Combined Statistical Area (CSA)⁷. The table below contains 2014 income limits with breakdowns by family size and income categories for High Point. These guidelines form the basis of eligibility criteria for the City's CDBG- and HOME-funding projects. According to the 2010-2014 Consolidated Plan, High Point families with incomes at or below 30% of the area median income are at the greatest risk for housing problems.

	20	14 INCOME L	IMITS	
PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD	EXTREMELY LOW INCOME (30% MEDIAN)	VERY LOW INCOME (50% MEDIAN)	LOW INCOME (80% MEDIAN)	AREA MEDIAN INCOME
1	\$11,600	\$19,300	\$30,900	\$38,600
2	\$13,250	\$22,050	\$35,300	\$44,100
3	\$14,900	\$24,800	\$39,700	\$49,600
4	\$16,550	\$27,550	\$44,100	\$55,100
5	\$17,900	\$29,800	\$47,650	\$59,900
6	\$19,200	\$32,000	\$51,200	\$63,900
7	\$20,550	\$34,200	\$54,700	\$68,300
8	\$21,850	\$36,400	\$58,250	\$72,750

These families also have the greatest risk of exposure to lead-based paint hazards. The 2014 Median Family income in High Point is \$55,100. Census median family income (MFI) estimates are updated with county-level Bureau of Labor Statistics earnings data and Census American Community Survey (ACS) state-level MFI estimates or ACS local area MFI estimates. Separate HUD MFI estimates are calculated for all MSAs and nonmetropolitan counties. HUD uses the Section 8 program's Fair Market Rent (FMR) area definitions in developing median family income estimates for a given area. HUD income limits are calculated for every FMR area with adjustments for family size and for areas with unusually high or low income-to- housing cost relationships. HUD sets income limits to determine eligibility for each Entitlement's program and services. FY 2014-2015 MFI estimates are based on data generated by the census for that community and are updated annually.

⁷ A Combined Statistical Area (CSA) is a grouping of adjacent metropolitan and/or metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The US Office of Management and Budget (OMB) define combined statistical areas based on social and economic ties measured by commuting patterns between adjacent MSAs. The areas that combine retain their own designations as metropolitan or micropolitan statistical areas within the larger combined statistical area. The primary distinguishing factor between a CSA and an MSA is that the social and economic ties between the individual MSAs within a CSA are at lower levels than between the counties within the MSA.

I. Fair Market Rents and Affordable Housing

Fair market rents are set annually by HUD to identify the amount needed to rent modest housing in an area.⁸ They are affordability indicators of the general housing market for an area. One way to evaluate rental-housing costs is to compare the Housing Wage⁹ to the estimated mean renter wage.¹⁰ According to the National Low Income Housing Coalition, the Fair Market Rent (FMR) for a two bedroom apartment in North Carolina is \$747. To afford this level of rent and utilities---without paying more than 30% of income on housing---a household must earn \$2,491 monthly or \$29,897 annually. Assuming a 40-hour work week, 52 weeks per year or 2080 hours, this translates into a housing wage of \$14.37/hour.¹¹

2014 Fair Market Rents (source: HUD)				
Efficiency	1 bedroom	2 bedrooms	3 bedrooms	4 bedrooms
\$522	\$598	\$709	\$964	\$1,087

Lower income families in High Point have great difficulty securing affordable housing and are driven toward older neighborhoods where housing stock is often not well maintained. Housing quality and affordability are intertwined, with one factor often forcing acceptance of undesirable levels of the other. Low-income families who are unable to afford market rate rents may also be unable to access Section 8 vouchers and often find themselves with housing cost burdens that force choices between paying the rent, paying for utilities, buying food, or paying for health needs/expenses. Often the poor opt to cut back on medicine, resulting in decreased quality of life and ultimately higher health care costs for themselves and the community at large. The inability to pay market rate forces low-income families to seek lower cost and lower quality housing in older homes of Core City neighborhoods. Since Core City neighborhoods have the greatest concentration of older housing and consequently the greatest threat of lead poison contamination, a vicious cycle is put in motion which forces low-income families to accept low quality housing which is all they can afford, exposing them to hazardous living conditions.

⁸ Fair market rent also establishes the maximum rent that could be provided for Section 8 recipients.

⁹ A term used to describe the average hourly wage needed to rent a two-bedroom dwelling at fair market rent.

¹⁰ Estimated mean renter wage is based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data, adjusted using the ratio of renter to total household income reported in 200 census.

¹¹ The hourly wage needed to afford, at no more than 30% of gross income, a 2-bedroom apartment at Fair Market Rent.

III. Affordable Housing Activities

According to the City's 2010-14 Consolidated Plan, a large percentage of extremely low-income and very low-income households in High Point experience one or more housing problems. Households with housing problems are those households occupying units without a complete kitchen or bathroom, that contain more than one person per room, or that pay more than 30 percent of their income to cover housing expenses. More than one-quarter of all households in our community (at any income level) experience a housing problem, and over one-quarter experience a cost burden of 30 percent or more. Many very low-income and extremely low-income individuals experience severe cost burdens. More than ten percent of all households in High Point experience a cost burden of 50 percent or more, while more than one-half of all extremely low-income households fall into this category. The availability of affordable housing is a local as well as national issue.

Many low-income families in High Point are faced with multiple undesirable choices when seeking housing. They must choose between paying more than they can afford, living in substandard housing, or living in overcrowded housing. These choices have corresponding negative impact in their quality of life. The scarcity of affordable housing in our community is reflected in the extreme concentration of low-income families in older areas of the Core City and in the substantial waiting list maintained by the High Point Housing Authority. Unfortunately, public health records indicate these areas also have the greatest risk for lead based paint hazards and other unhealthy conditions (e.g., asbestos contamination). In response to housing needs identified in the Consolidated Plan, Community Development & Housing's affordable housing strategies are focused in three areas (programs in response to these areas are given below each area):

- ♣ Increasing the supply of safe, sanitary and decent affordable housing (single family and multifamily housing development)
 - o Infill development through partnership with non-profit developers (CHDOs)
 - o Partnership with multifamily housing developers in support of LIHTC projects (e.g., Admiral Pointe)
 - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP)to acquire and repair vacant foreclosed properties and sell to income-eligible persons
- **↓** Improving the condition of the existing low income housing stock (housing rehabilitation)
 - Lead Hazard Control (remediate lead-based paint hazards)
 - Southside Revitalization
 - Emergency Repair
- **↓** Improving the accessibility to affordable housing (homebuyer education and down payment assistance)
 - o Homebuyer Education
 - Down Payment Assistance
 - o Individual Development Accounts

A. Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) Activities



Budget:	\$113,060	
Activity:	Construction of Affordable Housing	
Source:	HOME Investment Partnership Program	
National Objective:	Affordable Housing	
Eligibility Citation:	24 CFR Part 92.300	
Goal:	Provide affordable homeownership opportunities	
Objective:	Provide affordable homes	
Outcome:	come: Affordability	
Performance Measures:	Number of affordable homes provided	

Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) are nonprofit organizations whose purpose is to provide decent and affordable housing for low-to-moderate-income persons. The City is required to set aside at least fifteen percent of its HOME funds for CHDO activities.

Currently the City has two active certified CHDOs: Habitat for Humanity of High Point, Trinity and Archdale; and Unity Builders, Inc. Habitat has contracted to build 17 single family homes in the 1700 block of Graves Avenue, an area directly adjacent to Washington Terrace Park. Habitat has constructed and sold 18 homes in the Graves Avenue area with an additional 6 currently underway. CD&H has contracted with Unity Builders, Inc. to construct 18 single family homes in the Southside community. Unity Builders has constructed and sold 7 single family homes in Southside, and has 2lease-purchase properties completed with 2 more under construction. The City has received an application from a non-profit affordable housing developer, Nehemiah Community & Empowerment Center, Inc., who is interested in becoming a CHDO.

The City facilitates the development of affordable housing by identifying project sites, property assemblage and gap financing that is used to attract construction financing from local banks. The City also makes available down payment assistance to income-eligible CHDO customers buying houses. Additional CHDO information is available at www.HabitatHP.org and www.unitybuildersinc.org.

B. Emergency Repair Program



Budget:	\$341,200	
Activity:	Rehabilitation	
Source:	CDBG (\$176,200) & NC Housing Finance Agency (\$165,000)	
National Objective:	Affordable Housing	
Eligibility Citation:	24 CFR Part 570.202 (2)(1)	
Goal:	To provide emergency housing rehabilitation for	
	low-to-moderate income homeowners; improve quality	
	of existing LMI housing stock; acquire dilapidated housing	
	for repair and/or demolition; mitigate blight and lead-based	
	paint hazards	
Objective:	Provide decent housing	
Outcome:	Availability	
Performance Measure	40 emergency repairs	

Rehabilitation of the City's aging housing stock is an ongoing effort to ensure the continued livability and viability of High Point's limited affordable housing units. Due to continued scarcity of resources, the City is leveraging a portion of emergency repair funds against the Lead Hazard Control Grant (LHC) program to adequately address substandard housing conditions where LHC funding cannot be utilized. Consequently, many emergency repairs are generally performed in conjunction with a lead remediation project though exceptions may be made in extreme cases. Funding from the NC Housing Finance Agency will allow the City to perform emergency repairs on homes, particularly those built after 1978, apart from our LHC efforts. The Emergency Repair Program is designed to provide quick action for elderly homeowners and other homeowners with special needs whose household incomes are below 50% of area median income. Emergency repairs typically complete include the following:

Roofing: Roofing repairs made in a timely manner can prevent further loss from damage to the structure, reduce the incidence of childhood lead poisoning, and improve indoor air quality by eliminating moisture intrusion into living spaces.

HVAC: Heating, air conditioning and ventilation repairs done in a timely manner can prevent loss of life due to hypothermia, improve indoor air quality, measurably increase the efficiency of outdated equipment, reduce the burden of high utility bills and ensure a greater degree of affordability for strapped homeowners.

Electrical: Electrical service upgrades to distribution panels and new wiring when necessary improve safety and allow for additional loads to be added when replacing and modernizing HVAC systems.

Plumbing/Sewer: Hot water heating failures are addressed to meet minimum housing requirements. Additional plumbing modifications and repairs are sometimes needed to repair broken water and sewer lines.

Collapsing floor systems: Structural (framing) problems incurred primarily as a result of plumbing failures can have repair costs beyond many homeowners' resources. If it is determined that substantial failure is imminent, repairs will be undertaken.

Since CDBG funds are scarce, the Department closely monitors clients' income and asset eligibility criteria to focus resources on the lowest income groups. The City will continue to act as the owner's representative to ensure repairs are performed properly and customer expectations are met. Project management services include:

- **↓** Intake and qualification of applicants
- **♣** Inspection and assessment of required repairs
- ♣ Preparation of the work write-up
- Manage bid-letting process
- ♣ Compliance with HUD and local regulations
- **♣** Supervision of work performed and contractor payment







C. Homebuyer Assistance/Individual Development Accounts



Budget: \$151,000	
Activity:	Homebuyer Assistance
Source:	HOME (\$100,000) & CDBG (\$51,000)
National Objective: Low & Moderate Income/Affordable Ho	
Eligibility Citation: 24 CFR 92.205 (a) (1)	
Goal:	Assist LMI families purchase homes
Objective:	Assist LMI families purchase homes
Outcome: Affordability	
Performance Measures: 15 homeowners assisted	

Homebuyer Assistance 24 CFR 92.205 (a) (1)

Homebuyer Assistance is vital to the Department's goal of providing decent, safe, sanitary and affordable housing. The program provides down payment and closing cost assistance to homebuyers to reduce out-of-pocket costs in the form of a deferred low-interest rate loan. Homebuyer assistance is offered to buyers who purchase homes in the city limits of High Point. Traditionally, assistance is up to \$5,000 that can be used for closing costs and /or lowering the down payment. The Department offers additional incentives in the form of homebuyer assistance in Macedonia up to \$7,500, and assistance up to \$10,000 for targeted properties in the West End community. Down payment assistance in the amount of \$7,500 is also available for targeted properties in the Southside community under a development contract by the City. These assistance packages are designed to attract homebuyers to these neighborhoods. Basic program requirements include:

- ◆ Completing an 8-hour Homebuyer Education class offered by a HUD-approved Housing Counseling Agency sponsored by CD&H
- **♦** Obtaining a loan to purchase the house from a participating lender
- ♣ Meeting income eligibility requirements established for the program
- ♣ Purchasing a home within High Point city limits
- ♣ Post-purchase counseling consisting of two 2-hours individual counseling sessions in the first 12 months of ownership
- ♣ A minimum cash investment of \$500 toward the home purchase

Homebuyers meeting these basic program requirements are assisted during the homebuyer process by various professionals who demonstrate an interest in ensuring first-time homebuyers receive decent, safe, sanitary and affordable housing.

In Section 92.254(a)(2)(iii) of the Final Rule published on July 24, 2013, HUD established new homeownership value limits for HOME Participating Jurisdictions or PJs. These new limits apply to homeownership housing to which HOME funds are committed on or after August 23, 2013, and remain in effect until HUD issues new limits.

- 4 Newly Constructed Housing The new HOME homeownership value limits for newly constructed HOME units is 95% of the median purchase price for the area based on Federal Housing Administration (FHA) single family mortgage program data for newly constructed housing. Nationwide, HUD has established a minimum limit based on 95% of the U.S. median purchase price for new construction for non-metropolitan areas. This figure is determined by the U.S. Census Bureau. HUD has used the greater of these two figures as their HOME homeownership value limit for newly constructed housing in each area. For the Greensboro-High Point metro area, the maximum homeownership value for newly constructed housing is \$195,000 for FY 2014.
- Existing Housing The new HOME homeownership value limits for existing HOME units is 95% of the median purchase price for the area based on FHA single family mortgage program data for existing housing and other appropriate data available nationwide for sale of existing housing in standard condition. Nationwide, HUD has established a minimum limit based on 95% of the statewide non-metropolitan area median purchase price using this data. HUD used the greater of these two figures as their HOME ownership value limit for existing housing in each area. For the Greensboro-High Point Metro Area, the maximum homeownership value for existing housing is \$138,000 for FY 2014.

Homebuyer Education Eligibility 24CFR 570-201(k)

Homebuyer education workshops use a HUD-approved curriculum, Neighborworks' Realizing the American Dream of Homeownership¹² Workshops are offered monthly at rotating locations throughout High Point to assist first-time homebuyers with the process. Locations include Southside, Morehead, and Oakview Recreation Centers; Greater First United Baptist Church, and the Community & Neighborhood Development Center. A HUD-approved housing counseling agency partners with the City to offer this training. Classes are free, 8 hours in length, with all participants receiving a certificate when completed. Topics covered include a homeownership overview, financing, budgeting, saving and credit counseling, working with real estate professionals, predatory lending, fair housing, home maintenance, and foreclosure prevention.

Lender Participation

To extend partnerships and enhance homeownership, the City has partnered with local lenders to help homebuyers obtain an affordable mortgage. The Department conducts free lender certification workshops for mortgage providers to become Participating Lenders for the

¹² Realizing the American Dream Trainer's manual, 4th edition and its complementing Homebuyer's Manual are the definitive resources for homebuyer training/education. Updated in 2009, both manuals are available in English, Spanish, Mandarin Chinese and Vietnamese and cover the entire homeownership process organized in 6 modules in a format that de-mystifies the complexities of home-buying. New features in the 4th edition include more photos and graphics with many useful "green" tips and the latest information of changes in credit and mortgage financing as well as participatory activities, worksheets and a CD PowerPoint presentation for each module.

Down Payment and closing Costs Assistance Program. These certifications provide a common groundwork to help streamline the application process¹³ and facilitate the access of low-to-moderate income families to affordable mortgages. Participating lenders agree to non-predatory mortgage practices for households receiving down payment assistance from the City. In accordance with guidelines established by the Community Reinvestment Association of North Carolina (CRA-NC¹⁴) The CD&H website maintains a list of Participating Lenders, local real estate agents who take the training and dedicate time and effort to assisting low-to-moderate-income homebuyers obtain fair, decent and affordable housing.

Individual Development Accounts

Individual Development Accounts, or IDAs, are part of an asset-building strategy that concentrates on building family security by improving long-term economic well-being and emphasizing beneficial behaviors rather than merely offering temporary assistance. The homebuyer makes a contribution to their IDA account that is then matched up to \$2000 with private and/or public resources. IDAs can be used to reward the monthly savings of working-poor families who are building towards purchasing an asset, most commonly buying their first home, paying for post-secondary education, or starting a small business. The City's focus with the IDA program is on homeownership. IDAs are savings accounts established in the homebuyer's name, held at local financial institutions, and usually managed by a community organization. CD&H records indicate that most graduates of the Homebuyer Education Program have not purchased a home over the last five years, indicating that additional financial training is needed to help potential low-to-moderate income homebuyers in High Point. To improve opportunities for homeownership, the City will partner with Guilford County Homeownership Center to continue an IDA program specifically for High Point. Monthly classes will complement required one-on-one sessions to effectively assist participants in reaching their homeownership goals. There will be two classes, six months apart, during a year. Financial literacy classes will be held at the High Point Library, targeting potential homebuyers who have attended the homebuyer education classes but who also realize the need for additional training and assistance in financial management.

In response to higher lending standards as a result of the economic downturn, the Department determined that the IDA Program needs to sharpen its focus on spending patterns, the ability to maintain a monthly budget, the ability to save money monthly, and establishment of an emergency fund to enhance a homebuyer's ability to obtain a home loan. The habit of saving and planning for unexpected events is imperative to the future success of IDA graduates. In an effort to allow for other innovative housing opportunities, GCHC along with CD&H will partner homes acquired through the Neighborhood Stabilization Program and HOME funds with potential homebuyers who receive education through IDA. Families participating in the Lease Purchase Program facilitated by CHDO Unity Builders have also been identified as IDA participants. The IDA program provides these families with the tools necessary to become mortgage-ready by the end of the lease.

13 Since participating lenders agree to submit down payment and closing costs assistance packages to the Department, prospective homebuyers only have to fill out one application for approval.

¹⁴ CRA-NC's mission is to promote and protect community wealth, advocating for change in lending practices to promote wealth-building for underserved communities and an end to predatory lending practices that strip wealth.

¹⁵ According to the NC Housing Coalition, the idea for IDAs was created by Michael Sherraden in his 1992 book, *Assets and the Poor*. It was further advanced by the Corporation for Enterprise Development in the mid-1990s. One half of all Americans own less than \$1,000 in net financial assets, and one third of American children grow up in households with zero or negative financial assets.

D. Infill Housing



Budget:	\$223,259
Activity:	Property Acquisition
Source:	General Fund
National Objective:	Affordable Housing
Goal:	Encourage Core City housing development
	to mitigate blight
Objective:	Construction of new affordable housing
Outcome:	Affordability
Performance Measures:	20 properties

High Point City Council has maintained a commitment to build affordable housing through the annual appropriation of \$120,000 in general fund resources. These funds are used to acquire strategically located properties and preparing them for redevelopment by affordable housing producers. CD&H will continue to utilize those funds to acquire properties in Core-City neighborhoods such as Southside, Graves Avenue, Macedonia and West End areas for the development of affordable housing and to alleviate slum and blight. In light of community concerns voiced by Council regarding abandoned properties and dilapidated housing, CD&H will also be prepared to utilize infill development funds to assist in the land-banking of Core-City properties prioritized by Council.

E. Other Housing Construction



Budget:	\$500,000
Activity:	Housing Development
Source:	HOME
National Objective:	Affordable housing
Eligibility Citation:	24 CFR Part 92.205 (a) (1)
Goal:	Construction/Acquisition of affordable housing
Objective:	Provide decent housing/suitable living
	environment
Outcome:	Availability
Performance Measures:	4 Units

It is anticipated that a significant amount of program income will be earned from the sale City-financed lease-purchase properties located on Mobile Street, constructed by Unity Builders, Inc. CD&H proposes to utilize these funds along with a portion of the current year's allocation to perform the following activities, individually or in combination:

- ♣ Purchase and/or build housing units to be used in the City's lease-purchase program
- Build rental duplexes on Core-City sites such as the vicinity of Park Terrace Apartments, the White Oak area or other sites prioritized by Council. These properties would be owned by the City but would be managed by a third party, potentially the HPHA or other local private property management businesses.
- ♣ Acquire foreclosed properties that will be repaired and sold via the lease-purchase program to income-eligible homebuyers.

The building shown in the photo above shows a model currently being used by the High Point Housing Authority.

IV. Community and Neighborhood Development (CNDD)

The Community & Neighborhood Development Division (CNDD) is charged with developing and implementing the Department's non-housing strategies to implement community capacity development activities that promote stronger neighborhoods. The Division will continue to focus on community-building activities such as leadership development, youth development, GED classes, computer classes, Volunteer Income Assistance Services (VITA) and homelessness. Special emphasis will be on replacing computers in the computer lab and youth development The Division partners with various organizations to enhance services to low/mod neighborhoods, homeless individuals and coordinates community programs. CNDD activities include providing neighborhood capacity building opportunities; helping residents acquire needed skills; enhancing public services; providing resource coordination for residents;

Budget:	\$223,124
Source:	CDBG (\$155,742) & General Fund (\$67,382)
National Objective:	Low-to-moderate income area
Eligibility Citation:	570.210 (o)(p)
Goal:	Facilitate Capacity-building activities for
	community-based organizations
Objective:	Conduct 12 capacity-building activities by
	June 30, 2015 (Suitable Living Environment)
Projected Outcome:	Sustainability
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Census Tracts to be served: 136.01, 136.02,
	138, 139, 140, 142, 143, 144.06, 144.08,
	145.01, 145.02, 145.03, 146.

assisting in homelessness reduction activities; and assisting residents in preparing yearly income taxes.

The Division will still continue responsibility for managing CDBG and CBI funds (Public Service Grants), the Continuum of Care (Special Needs Assistance Program, formerly Shelter Plus Care) funds for chronic homeless individuals and Supervised Visitation Program for Women of Domestic Violence. The CNDD budget includes program delivery costs necessary to implement community and neighborhood development activities. The computer lab will continue to provide computer service for public use. The computers are also used in the Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program. CNDD will continue to partner with Guilford Technical Community College to provide GED classes to individuals who have not completed their high school degree. Capacity-building and technical support for neighborhood associations still remains one of the most important services provided by CNDD. CNDD support of the Neighborhood Leaders Council (which consists of ten neighborhoods) will continue to allow them to discuss issues of concern related to each neighborhood and the City as a whole. Members learn about local government, address crime issues in their areas, create strategies for youth development, organize around citywide issues and develop a plan of action as a group. The Neighborhood Leader's Council will focus on Transportation, Youth Development, Boarded up Houses, Neighborhood Clean ups and Recruiting New Members for their associations.

CNDD will continue to focus on strengthening neighborhoods and transferring the Special Needs Assistance Program to the Housing Authority. This will allow the SPC clients the opportunities for permanent housing. Coordinating multiple programs from HUD at one location allows the Division to optimize effectiveness to the benefit of low to moderate-income neighborhoods. The Division is responsible for providing technical and analytical support to the Citizen's Advisory Council as well as the Neighborhood Leader's Council. The

Community and Neighborhood Development Center is currently located at 201 Fourth Street. The facility contains a 12-station computer center, two conference rooms, staff offices, a greeting area, and kitchen facilities.

B. Neighborhood Associations

Burns Hill Neighborhood Association

The Burns Hill Neighborhood Association continues to be actively involved in issues of crime, planned neighborhood activities, increasing membership, neighborhood beautification and youth development. Their plan for the year includes:

- Increase membership (face book, personal contact, contact members who has stop attending and advertising)
- Better participation in Great American Cleanup in the Spring and Clean Sweep America Fall Cleanup (residents, landlords, churches, organizations)
- Improve relationship with landlords (sending out letters, invitation to meeting and involving in neighborhood activities)
- Commitment Community Award Dinner
- National Night Out participation (Back-To-School celebration for the youths, providing free school supplies)
- Survey of blighted houses and present information to City Council (walking the in neighborhood to complete survey)
- Improve financial status (fundraising)

Cedrow Residents' Association

Cedrow Residents' Association are continually involved in neighborhood issues and activities. Their plan for this year includes:

- Monthly Newsletter
- Youth Programs
- Send Out Community Connection Letters of Concern

Five Points Neighborhood Association

The Five Points Neighborhood Association will focus on re-organization and membership. Their plan for this year includes:

- Recruiting new members both residents and businesses
- Forge partnerships with businesses interested in getting involved in the neighborhood
- To become more involved with the youth
- To establish friendship with the older citizens (addressing their needs and concerns)







Highland Mills Neighborhood Association

Highland Mills Neighborhood Association will continue to increase their awareness of activities & events in their neighborhood. Their plan for this year includes:

- Identify a leader for the association
- Continue to partner with the High Point Police Department to address crime issues
- Beautify and clean up the neighborhood

Macedonia Neighborhood Association

The Macedonia Neighborhood Association will focus on increasing membership. They will continue to partner with Macedonia Family Resource Center and assist with programs to address needs of residents living in the neighborhood. Their plan for this year includes:

- Increase membership (bring 1 or 2 members to each meeting).
- Select members to hold offices.
- Increase resident participation and commitment.
- Increase awareness concerning the association, resource center and neighborhood.
- Increase youth participation.
- Encourage residents to improve the appearance of the neighborhood.

Oakview Citizens' Council

Oakview Citizen's Council overall goal is to continue to get community members involved in their neighborhood and increase awareness of issues concerning the neighborhood. Their plans this year includes:

- Recruiting new members in areas where there has been an increase in crime and little representation.
- Improve National Night Out
- Continued efforts on crime
- Do more to make a difference in the neighborhood

Pershing Street Neighborhood Watch

The Pershing Street Neighborhood Watch continues to focus on crime and safety issues. The residents are actively involved in improving the quality of life in the neighborhood. Their plan for this year includes:

- Invite speakers to present at the meetings
- Door Knocking Campaign to increase membership
- National Night Activities



Neighborhood Watch Christmas Dinner

Southside Neighborhood Association

The Southside Neighborhood Association is excited about trying to recruit new members to their association. They will continue to partner with Family Service of the Piedmont, Fairview Street School, Boys & Girls Club and High Point Parks & Recreation to celebrate National Family Night. Their plan for this year includes:

- Neighborhood Garden Planting Dates
- Door Knocking in the Neighborhood to increase membership
- Neighborhood Spring Clean-Up
- Youth participation
- National Night Out Activities
- Partner with Family Service of the Piedmont with 'National Family Night'
- Holiday Celebration with Neighborhood Residents



Washington Street Neighborhood Association

The Washington Street Neighborhood Association will work diligently with local businesses, the City of High Point Police Department, Community & Neighborhood Development Division, and area Churches to assist in eliminating crime, drugs and theft with the area. Their plan for this year includes:

- Spring Neighborhood Cleanup
- Neighborhood Garden
- National Night Out
- Fall Neighborhood Cleanup
- Washington Street Fall Festival

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West End Neighborhood Association

The West End Neighborhood Association and West End Ministries will try to help people who live and work in West End by making the neighborhood the best that it can be. Their plan for this year includes:

- Increased involvement and recruitment of community members
- National Night Out
- Youth activities
- Neighborhood projects

- Hold elections
- Continue to increase safety and awareness, especially for our elderly and youth

C. Public Service Grants



Budget: \$64,495

Activity: CDBG Public Service Subrecipient

Source: CDBG

National Objective: LMI clientele

Eligibility Citation: 570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)

Goal: Provide public services to benefit LMI residents **Objective:** Suitable Living Environment

Outcome: Sustainability

Public Service Access: Improved

Performance Measures: Projected Census Tracts to be served 136.01, 136.02,

138, 139, 140, 142, 143, 144.06, 144.08,

145.01, 145.02, 145.03, 146

The City of High Point annually sets aside a portion of its CDBG entitlement to fund public service activities provided by local community based organizations and non-profits for the benefit of low to moderate-income residents. Eligible activities include labor, supplies and materials, employment, crime prevention, child-care; health; drug abuse; education; fair housing counseling; and energy conservation. The funds are allocated through a competitive process and the Citizens Advisory Council (CAC) reviews all applications and makes recommendations to the City Council. A total of twelve applications were submitted for funding. The CAC reviewed applications on February 27th and sent recommendations to City Council in April.

Caring Services, Inc.



Caring Services, Inc. is a program of hope to individuals and families whose lives have become unmanageable because of chemical dependence. We are a therapeutic community offering

	1
Budget:	\$6,750
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Affordability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 30 households

a holistic continuum of care to individuals who are ready to make a commitment to their recovery from mood altering substances. Reunited Love is designed to assist in reestablishment of family relationships between the non-custodial parent enrolled in our program and their children.

Family Service of the Piedmont



Budget:	\$4,000
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)(b)
Goal:	Provide shelter for homeless families in High Point
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 50 families

Family Service of the Piedmont is the largest private nonprofit agency serving children and families in Guilford County, serving approximately 24,000 people each year through its four divisions: Victim Services, Family Support Services, Consumer Credit Counseling Service, and Family Counseling Services.

Funds are requested for Fairview Youth Enrichment Programs/National Family Week Event, an afterschool/summer program emphasizing social, emotional and cognitive growth in a safe, positive haven.

Helping Hands Ministry



Helping Hands is a well-established

Community Emergency Assistance Program that has served the High Point area since 1996. The program provides food assistance, emergency rent and utilities. They are a partner

Budget:	\$5,400
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide 100 individuals
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Sustainability
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 100

agency of the Community Resource Network (CRN) of High Point which includes Open Door Ministries, Salvation Army, West End Ministries and others. Funds requested will be used for a one-on-one case management program called empowered Life, providing a bridge from dependency to long term solutions.

High Point Housing Authority



The High Point Housing Authority mission is to provide eligible families and individuals with adequate housing advancement

Budget:	\$4,500
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide 10 homeownership opportunities
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Sustainability
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 10

and homeownership opportunities –in a safe, drug free suitable living environment without discrimination. This project, Family Self-Sufficiency Occupational Training Project will use funds for specific job training courses, a major step toward achieving employment leading to economic self-reliance.

Mary's House, Inc.



Mary's House, Inc. is a fully licensed therapeutic agency that provides transitional and permanent housing, life skills, training and a supportive community for homeless women in

Budget:	\$2,000
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide permanent housing for homeless recovering
	Mothers and their children
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 6

recovery from substance abuse. The program is one of few in the United States that allows women to raise their children while in treatment for addiction issues. The project, *Homeless Mothers in Recovery* is an expansion project that will provide six permanent housing vouchers for homeless, recovering mothers to be united with their children. CDBG funds will be used for office supplies, office space, vehicle fuel, bus passes, storage space for supplies and a partial case manager salary to operate Mary's Home-High Point.

New Beginnings Full Gospel Ministries

This church is in the Washington Street area and a long-time member of the Washington Street Neighborhood Association (WSNA). With the church's support, the WSNA will plan and implement a back-to-school event in the new park on Washington Street. The event will feature music, a storyteller and structured play after which children will receive back-to-school supplies.

Budget:	\$2,625
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide back-to-school supplies
Objective:	Suitable living environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served

Redeeming Love Word Ministries

RLWM is a faith-based organization serving High Point for over 6 years dedicated to providing support for a variety of community improvement activities. This project, *Girls Only...* "If I only knew" focuses on preteen and teen girls' issues and behaviors, helping them resist negative social pressures and risk-laden conduct.

Budget:	\$1,800
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide training for pre-teen girls
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 200

Piedmont Health Service and Sickle Cell Agency



Piedmont Health Services and Sickle Cell Agency (PHSSCA) is a 42-year old community-based, minority health organization

Budget:	\$5,000
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide two job fairs
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 200
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that is comprised of three divisions, Sickle Cell Services Division, HIV/AIDS Prevention Division and Wellness Division. The mission of PHSSCA is to provide outreach, education, screening and case management for people with high-risk health problems. The project, *Help Me Get a Job Day* will target 200 low income individuals 16 and older in the Core City of High Point area for 2 job fairs. Those targeted will be those with the greatest obstacles to employment such as criminal records, those with HIV, who are homeless, and other unusual difficulties.

Reading Connections, Inc.



Reading Connections is the primary provider of 1-to-1 tutoring and small group literacy classes for adult students in Guilford County. They provide literacy education to improve

Budget:	\$5,000
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide basic literacy instruction
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 350

knowledge, skills and abilities that enable them to accomplish real-life goals, including enhanced employability and improved quality of life. This project, High Point Adult Literacy Services, will provide basic literacy instruction to 350 participants.

Salvation Army of High Point



The Salvation Army of High Point serves homeless single women and families by providing shelter, case management, food

Budget:	\$9,845
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)
Goal:	Provide suitable shelter/renovate bathroom
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Affordability
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 24

women and families by providing shelter, case management, food and life skills developmental classes, rent and clothing. There are major cornerstones that will be addressed with each resident through case management, financial security, stable housing, medical and mental wellness. Requested funds will be used to renovate the bathroom.

YWCA of High Point



The High Point YWCA is dedicated to eliminating racism and empowering women and promoting peace, justice, freedom and dignity for all. This project, Making Proud Choices, is an evidence-based safer-sex approach to teen pregnancy, STDs and HIV prevention curriculum that will be used for middle and high school youth.

Budget:	8,750
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)(b)
Goal:	
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 80 youth

Macedonia Family Resource Center



Macedonia Family Resource Center is in its 11th year of providing services to the Macedonia community: computer classes cooking dance life-skills music/voice lessons Little

Budget:	\$8,850
Activity:	CDBG Public Service Subrecipient
Source:	CDBG
National Objective:	LMI clientele
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(a)(1) and 570.208(a)(2)(b)
Goal:	
Objective:	Suitable Living Environment
Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility
Public Service Access:	Improved
Performance Measures:	Projected number to be served: 80 youth

classes, cooking, dance, life-skills, music/voice lessons, Little League and Pony league baseball, and math/science summer camp. Funds requested will host a 5K health Walk/Run.

Community Based Initiatives

Budget:	\$10,000	
Activity:	CBI Public Service	
Source:	CDBG	
National Objective:	Low-to-moderate income clientele (LMI)	
Eligibility Citation:	570.201(e); 570.208(1)(1) & (a) (2)	
Goal:	Assist at least 10 neighborhoods	
Objective:	Sustainability	
Outcome:	Availability/accessibility	
Public Service Access:	Improved	
Performance Measures:	Projected Census Tracts to be served 136.01, 136.02	
	138, 139, 140, 142, 143, 144.06, 144.08,	
	145.01, 145.02, 145.03, and 146	

The City may assign a portion of its CDBG entitlement to fund the Community Based Initiative (CBI) for public service activities provided by neighborhoods and/or local community based organizations for the benefit of low to moderate-income residents. Organizations are not required to have a 501 3(c) status. Eligible projects can use CBI funds as seed money for the purchase of supplies, materials, goods and services directly related to the implementation of the project. The project must provide matching resources in dollars, in-kind contributions, or volunteerism that equals or exceeds 25% of the grant amount requested. All activities must be implemented within the city limits of High Point, involve neighborhood people in the identification, planning or execution of the proposed activity.

The application process will begin in March/April timeframe. The Citizen Advisory Council (CAC) will review the applications in May/June and recommendations will be send to the City Council in April for approval.

The CAC will select at least ten (10) neighborhoods and/or local community based organization improvement projects to be completed by June 30, 2015.

D. Reducing Homelessness

Partners Ending Homeless

(www.partnersendinghomelessness.org.)

Mission: Partners Ending Homelessness (PEH) works to encourage public understanding of the causes and conditions of homelessness and lead a strong and stable system of care for individuals and families to reduce homelessness in Guilford County.



Strategy: Partners Ending Homelessness focuses on generating housing, strengthening prevention and supportive service efforts, and increasing coordination, collaboration and access through the Continuum of Care (CoC) in our community.

Partners Ending Homelessness seeks to:

- ♣ Engage existing and new partners to unite stakeholders' voices and achieve a shared vision of ending homelessness
- **↓** Develop greater visibility of and support for PEH efforts to end homelessness
- ♣ Advocate for strong policies that address root causes of homelessness, and initiatives that strengthen current system of care
- ♣ Provide technical assistance and training to homeless service delivery agencies
- ♣ Develop and implement strategies and best practices to end homelessness, inclusive of Guilford County's 10-Year Plan to End Chronic Homelessness and the five objectives identified by HUD
- **↓** Consolidate efforts to increase resources for ending homelessness in Guilford County ensuring that all areas of need are being addressed
- Evaluate efforts toward ending homelessness overseeing the collection, use and security of data to determine the effectiveness of outcomes, and make adjustments in strategies to improve outcomes

Partners Ending Homelessness is the planning & coordinating organization for homeless service delivery in our CoC. PEH implements, evaluates & updates Guilford County's Strategic Plan to End Homelessness. PEH is a groundbreaking, collaborative partnership of over 80 community partners that work to generate housing, strengthen prevention & supportive services, & increase coordination, collaboration & access through the community's continuum of care. Partners Ending Homelessness

- **♣** CONNECTS with individuals & organizations to enhance awareness of & increase access to our system of care.
- SUPPORTS the development of an effective service system by functioning as the hub for information sharing & training
- RESTORES lives in our community by securing & administering major funding with continuous oversight of services and resources. PEH believes that through strong partnerships and a coordinated effort on the part of businesses, social service agencies, the faith community, & all citizens, we will be a community that ends homelessness

Current Work: Over the next 12 months, the CoC will pursue several efforts to increase transitional housing (TH) exits to permanent housing (PH).

- 1. A few TH programs in the CoC are interested in converting to PH programs and have expressed interest in pursuing reallocation and restructuring in the next 12 months.
- 2. Many TH applicants, like Greensboro Urban Ministry, Servant Center, and Open Door Ministries have either partnered individually or with PEH to team up with CHDOs and other affordable housing builders (Affordable Housing Management Inc. as an example) to discuss expansion of programs to include PH. In fact Servant Center just opened another 9-bedroom unit near their TH program specifically for their clients to move into while still accessing medical and other services provided by the program.
- 3. There is a statewide funding opportunity through the NC Housing Finance agency to access funding for new PSH units. Our CoC will submit at least one application to the program in early 2013.



Income increases the exit rate of TH participants to PH. In 2011, 47% of homeless persons reported unemployment/ underemployment as the reason for their homelessness. Thus, PEH is strategically targeting employment programs (Goodwill, Welfare Reform liaison project, JobLink) to meet with CoC agencies and work toward ways of integrating individuals they serve into those programs. PEH and ESG recipients will expand the capacity of the RRH team (funding, technical assistance, & coordination). Lastly, our CoC will apply for HUD bonus project each year, & agencies will apply to NCHFA each year to access PSH dollars. As part of the CoC strategic plan, PEH will lead the work of the Housing section (See attached.). Highlights of the plan include: increasing supply of supportive housing; increasing SOAR access; aligning local homeless funding into goals and funding objectives supported by the CoC; & increasing collaborations & coordination among all levels of housing entities.

Our CoC is beginning to implement its Coordinated Assessment System pilot project via our ESG program's CoC-Wide Rapid Rehousing Team. The CoC has developed a common assessment tool and a coordinated "map" showing which providers will focus on which subpopulations. Partners Ending Homelessness (PEH), the CoC's Collaborative Applicant, currently is finalizing state and city contracts for ESG dollars and waiting to begin this process. Additionally, PEH has contracted with a consultant to expand and assist in the holistic development of the Coordinated Assessment Program and data usage for the entire CoC

V. General Program Administration

Budget: \$269,520 Activity: Administration

Source: HOME, CDBG and General Funds

National Objective: N/A

Eligibility Citation: 24 CFR 92.206, 570.200 (a) (3) (i)

Administrative costs that are necessary for program planning and management of the CDBG and HOME programs are charged to program administration. CD&H is responsible for ensuring program implementation in compliance with national objectives of both programs as well as adherence to state and local requirements. Reasonable administrative and planning costs include, but are not limited to:

- Preparation of the Consolidated Plan & Assessment of Fair Housing
- General management, oversight and coordination
- Salaries, wages and related costs of the participating jurisdiction's staff
- Monitoring progress and compliance with program requirements
- Preparing reports and other documents related for submission to HUD
- Coordination of audit and monitoring findings resolutions
- Evaluation of program results against stated objectives
- Travel costs incurred for official business in carrying out the program
- Administrative services performed under third party contracts or agreements
- Capacity building and training activities for staff and non-profits
- Fair housing and activities to affirmatively further fair housing

HUD regulations permit the City to use up to twenty percent of the CDBG grant and up to ten percent of its HOME grant for reasonable administrative and planning costs.

A. HOME Matching Requirements

Generally, jurisdictions participating in the HOME program are required to make contributions or match to housing that qualifies as affordable housing. During a fiscal year, match must total not less than 25 percent of the HOME funds drawn from the jurisdiction's HOME Investment Trust Fund Treasury account in that fiscal year for project costs, unless the participating jurisdiction has received a reduction in the match requirement, which was the case for High Point for October 2013-September 2014. Due to prevailing economic conditions the City anticipates receiving a reduction in the match requirement for the 2014-15 program year.

B. Local Monitoring and Compliance

HUD requires entitlement communities to establish and implement monitoring procedures that ensure accountability, program compliance and performance. Consequently, the Department has developed special procedures to ensure sub-recipients are in compliance with applicable regulations. All applicants are required to submit an application that is reviewed by staff.

Public Services: Once funding is approved for a project, staff coordinate allocation of funds. Organizations receiving funds must enter into a detailed performance contract with the City. It describes all federal laws and regulations, and defines reporting and project management responsibilities of the sub-recipient. This contract also states performance goals that the organization is expected to meet. As a project progresses, grantees are required to submit monthly reports. Staff makes quarterly on-site visits to each funded project. They discuss the project's progress with managers and examine records. All CDBG funded sub-recipient projects are required to demonstrate a minimum of low to moderate-income benefit ratio of 70%. To ensure grantees achieve this, the City requires them to focus on providing services to residents of officially designated community development target areas with high concentrations of low-to-moderate income residents. Sub-recipients are also required to make a mid-year report and/or appearance before the Citizen Advisory Council (CAC) at one of its regular meetings to ensure performance measures are being met and funds are expended in a timely manner.

Procedures have been developed by the Department to ensure that all projects and programs funded with CDBG and HOME funds meet required regulations. Households or individuals receiving assistance through a housing program must submit an application that is reviewed by the department's staff to verify eligibility. Examples of specific compliance requirements are given below.

Affordable Housing: Low Income Housing Tax Credit project (LIHTCs) - In order to verify compliance with property standards and the information submitted by owners on tenants' incomes, rents and other HOME rental requirements during the project's period of affordability, HOME rules require on-site inspections of HOME properties according to the total number of units in a project. Two such projects - Admiral Pointe comprised of a total of 54 units and Addington Ridge with 58 units - require annual inspections. A minimum of 20% of the HOME-assisted units in will be inspected. Addington Ridge will be partially funded with Section 108 funds wherein CDBG regulations will apply. CD&H plans to utilize the Guide for Review of Rental Projects checklist provided by HUD as a resource during monitoring to ensure adequate recordkeeping is in accordance with all federal requirements.

CHDOs – To address new requirements specified in HUD Notice CPD-12-007, CHDOs shall be evaluated on an annual basis by the Affordable Housing Manager (or his designee) to determine the organization's fiscal soundness and staff underwriting/development experience. The evaluation criteria shall include, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Progress on development projects to date;
- 2. Capacity of staff to accomplish contract goals;
- 3. Fiscal management; and

4. Continued good standing with the State.

Lead Hazard Control – A primary goal of the City's Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Program is the elimination and/or control of identified lead hazards. Housing for low to very-low income families with children under six years of age (with a priority given to units occupied by children with an Elevated Blood Lead Level) is given highest priority. To ensure that this program is compliant with its Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) and HUD regulations, CD&H shall do the following:

- Review work write-ups to ensure that the prescribed work addresses components that are found to be lead hazards. Any additional work required (e.g., to meet minimum housing inspection standards) will be addressed with CDBG, HOME or General Funds.
- Other compliance items such as income verification, income eligibility, affordability period, and procurement shall follow the Department's standard operating procedures.

C. Fair Housing

Fair housing is the right of individuals to obtain the housing of their choice, free from discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, national origin, and, depending on the circumstances, age. This right is assured by the Federal Fair Housing Acts of 1968 and 1988, as amended, which make it unlawful to discriminate in the sale, rental, financing, and insuring of housing. Under the Fair Housing Act an aggrieved person may, not later than one year after an alleged discriminatory housing practice has occurred, file a complaint directly with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), or a state or local agency that enforces laws that are "substantially equivalent" to the Fair Housing Act. Upon the filing of such a complaint, HUD has the responsibility to serve notice of the complaint and conduct an investigation into the alleged discriminatory housing practice. The Fair Housing Act declares, "It is the policy of the United States to provide, within Constitutional limitations, for fair housing throughout the United States." In addition, the law directs all executive departments and agencies to administer their programs and activities related to housing and urban development in a manner that affirmatively furthers the purposes of the Act.

The U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development requires that all state and local governments participating in their programs submit an analysis of impediments to fair housing (AI). The City of High Point has completed this requirement with assistance from Mullin & Lonergan, Associates. Mullin & Lonergan's services were engaged to assure HUD and the community that the City is working to ensure that efforts are being made to "affirmatively further fair housing" as set forth in the regulations governing the Community Development Block Grant Program and Title VIII of the Fair Housing Act. The analysis of impediments to fair housing choice identified several impediments that could play a role in prohibiting fair housing choice in High Point. Based on these findings, the City must take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of the impediments identified through the analysis. In conducting the analysis of fair housing choice for the City of High Point, M&L completed a comprehensive review of policies, practices, and procedures that affect the location,

availability, and accessibility of housing and current residential patterns and conditions. The analysis includes an examination of existing studies and literature along with a review of public policies from a fair housing perspective. M&L evaluated all the data for effectiveness of existing fair housing activities and examined barriers to fair housing choice for protected classes. Based upon the analysis, M&L provided this report of the findings and recommendations for remedies. The current analysis of impediments to fair housing identifies the following issues which impede the City's ability to affirm fair housing choice and equal opportunity. A table listing the impediments and planned actions is listed below:

Identified Impediment Show specific FHA act protected	Activities to address the impediment (Specify protected class(es), other special	Milestones and Timetables	Anticipated Results	\$ Available for Activity	Source of
class(es) or other groups and geographic area(s), if applicable	needs groups, and geographic area(s), if applicable		Resurts	ioi neuvity	Ψ
1.) The City maintains records of the composition of its appointed citizen boards and commissions that are involved in housing and housing- related decisions. However, more detailed information is needed in order to document that members of the protected classes are fairly represented.	Opportunities for High Point residents to participate on citizen boards and commissions are available on an on-going basis and are advertised as vacancies become available. One example of the City's support of board participation by protected classes is its support of Project Board Development, a leadership development program developed by the United Way of Greater High Point's African American Initiative.	On-going	Increased awareness of, opportunities for and presence of protected classes to participate on appointed boards and commissions that are involved in housing and housing-related decisions.	N/A	N/A

Idoutified Immediment	Astivities to address the immediment	Milestones and Timetables	Auticinated	\$ Available	Source of
Identified Impediment Show specific FHA act protected	Activities to address the impediment (Specify protected class(es), other special	Milestones and Timetables	Anticipated Results	for Activity	Source of
class(es) or other groups and	needs groups, and geographic area(s), if		Results	101 Activity	J
geographic area(s), if applicable	applicable				
2.) The City lacks formal	The City recognizes the need to de-	a) Admiral Pointe opened	Increase in the	\$1.35 million	Section
policies aimed at expanding the supply of affordable housing in geographic locations outside of areas of racial, ethnic, and/or LMI concentrations.	concentrate the City's supply of affordable housing and, as an example, has supported the development of the following projects that are located outside traditional racial, ethnic and LMI concentration areas: a) Admiral Pointe (census tract 163.06) – a 54-unit complex that targets elderly, LMI beneficiaries (opened in January 2013); b) Addington Ridge (census tract 163.06) – a to-be-developed 58-unit complex targeting LMI families (under construction); and c) Hartley Ridge (census tract 144.07) – a proposed 84-unit complex targeting LMI	b) Addington Ridge under construction c) Hartley Ridge 1. Approval of Section 108 application amendment (action pending) 2. Final approval of LIHTC application by State housing finance agency 3. Anticipated start of construction 4th quarter 2014 pending HUD approval	number of affordable housing units in geographic areas outside traditional racial, ethnic and LMI concentration areas.	\$1.33 mmon	108
3.) Zoning districts in High Point permitting multi- family housing units as a use by right are concentrated primarily in the central and southern neighborhoods of the City, which are LMI areas. In addition, there is limited available land for new multifamily housing developments in non-impacted areas.	families. Developers have been successful in locating suitable land for development as well as obtaining support from City Council and staff in the development of new, multi-family housing in non-impacted areas (see #2 above).	See #2 above	Increased de- concentration of affordable housing options throughout the City, including new, multi- family housing.	See #2 above	See #2 above
4.) Through the imposition of minimum distancing requirements (i.e. separation), the City's zoning ordinance places additional restrictions on the siting of group care facilities and family care uses. This is discriminatory. The City's zoning ordinance appears to be in violation of the Fair Housing Act.	The City's minimum distancing requirements are consistent with State law (reference: N.C.G.S. §168-22(a)).	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Identified Impediment	Activities to address the impediment	Milestones and Timetables	Anticipated	\$ Available	Source of
Show specific FHA act protected	(Specify protected class(es), other special	1 1110000 1100 11111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Results	for Activity	\$
class(es) or other groups and	needs groups, and geographic area(s), if				
geographic area(s), if applicable	applicable				
5.) Despite efforts at deconcentration, public housing units and Section 8 units are concentrated in impacted areas of the City, specifically in the central and southern neighborhoods, such as the Southside, West End, and Macedonia.	Section 8 vouchers can be used for units located throughout the City, including recently-developed and/or approved affordable housing units (see #2 above). To increase community awareness, the City's Community Development and Housing Department will explore opportunities to host fair housing outreach/training sessions in partnership with the City's Human Relations department and with external organizations such as the High Point Association of Realtors®.	On-going	Increased community awareness and de-concentration of the value and use of Section 8 vouchers in nonimpacted areas.	To be determined	CDBG admin
6.) The City's minority population has expanded significantly in the past two decades. For example, Hispanics now comprise 7% of the City's population. There are other City residents who have limited proficiency with the English language as well, including families that have resettled to High Point. While the City provides translation services, residents with limited English proficiency may not take the initiative to seek out programs and services due to the language barrier	The City shall continue to expand its partnership with organizations that support limited English proficiency residents such as the following: a) World Relief High Point/Asheville, whose mission is to partner with the local church and community to assist refugee families by providing support as they adjust to their new lives in America; and b) Reading Connections, an adult literacy agency that provides free and confidential services that help to improve basic literacy skills, self-esteem, community service and leadership skills among new adult readers who live or work in Guilford County, NC.	On-going	Increased access by High Point residents with limited English proficiency to information about affordable housing opportunities	To be determined	CDBG & General funds

Identified Impediment Show specific FHA act protected class(es) or other groups and geographic area(s), if applicable	Activities to address the impediment (Specify protected class(es), other special needs groups, and geographic area(s), if applicable	Milestones and Timetables	Anticipated Results	\$ Available for Activity	Source of
7.) There are service gaps in the local public transit system that make it difficult for inner-city transit- reliant populations to access bus service to outlying areas where entry-level and lowskill jobs are available. The lack of adequate public transportation to area employment centers is a major impediment to fair housing choice for members of the protected classes.	The City's transit system is designed to maximize available resources in its ability to provide public transportation services in the coverage area. At present, non-covered areas exceed the City's ability to properly address.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
8.) Minority households have greater difficulty becoming home owners because of lower incomes.	In order to increase the ability of low-income, minority households to become home owners, the City has created an enhanced lease-purchase program with the following characteristics: a) Buyer must select a house available through the Lease Purchase programs of the City or participating CHDOs; b) Buyer shall enter into a 1-year lease (maximum duration) during which time they receive comprehensive financial literacy, money management and savings training; c) Buyers must receive a minimum of 8 hours homebuyer education and participate in a City-approved IDA Program; d) Buyers must be able to obtain a loan from a Participating Lender and have a minimum cash investment of \$500; and e) Buyers can receive a three-year deferred loan up to \$7,500 for down payment to assist with the purchase.	On-going (since 2011)	Increased ability of low-income, minority households to become home owners.	\$251,000	CDBG & HOME

9.) There is an inadequate	The City and the High Point Housing	See #2 above	Increase in the	See #2 above	See #2
supply of rental housing	Authority have recently participated in the		number of ADA-		above
accessible to persons with	development of Low Income Housing Tax		accessible,		
mobility impairments and other	Credit projects. LIHTC projects are required		affordable units.		
disabilities. In order to address	to target ten percent (10%) of the total units				
this unmet need, the City should	to persons with disabilities or homeless				
require developers to include a	populations. Since the 2011 AI was				
higher number of accessible units	completed, three (3) LIHTC projects have				
with constructing new housing.	been completed, with one proposed (see				
	below for number of units accessible to				
	persons with mobility impairments and other				
	disabilities):				
	a) Admiral Pointe – 6 (54 total units)				
	b) Addington Ridge – 6 (58 total)				
	c) Park Terrace (Phase 1 & 2) – 18 (172				
	total)				
	d) Hartley Ridge – 6 (84 total)				

10.) There is an inadequate supply of available information relative to accessible dwelling units for persons with disabilities.	The Arc of North Carolina, who is committed to securing for all people with intellectual and developmental disabilities the opportunity to choose and realize their goals of where and how they learn, live, work, and play, maintains a database of available vacancies for both those with intellectual and developmental disabilities as well as mental illness (http://www.arcnc.org/housing-resources). Other web-based resources such as SocialServe provide information on available housing units as well (http://www.socialserve.com/tenant/NC/Search.html?city_id=30400&type=rental).	On-going	Increase in awareness of information on available housing units for persons with disabilities	N/A	N/A
11.) Over half of the fair housing complaints filed in High Point (through HUD) involved disability claims of discrimination.	The City's Human Resources (H/R) Department has provided leadership in educating the community (e.g., residents, real estate brokers, etc.) about fair housing laws and how to implement them. H/R will continue these efforts into the future.	On-going	Increased awareness by the High Point community about fair housing.	To be determined See #11 above	CDBG admin
12.) Questionable language, including restrictions on pets and references to certain age groups, was found in the local newspaper and other rental publications. In addition, some publications lacked the Equal Housing Opportunity logo and/or the publisher's policy.	See #11 above	See #11 above	See #11 above		above
13.) Mortgage loan denials and high-cost lending disproportionately affect minority applicants in High Point, similar to national trends.	See #8 above	See #8 above	See #8 above	See #8 above	See #8 above
14.) Local Realtors have identified the need for more fair housing information to be made available in languages other than English for persons with Limited English Proficiency (LEP).	See #11 above	See #11 above	See #11 above	See #11 above	See # 11 above

In the fall of 2007, High Point's City Council voted to enact Fair Housing in High Point. The Human Relations Commission has voted to expand its Fair Housing Committee (FHC) to include members of the public sector who do not sit as human relations commissioners. Last year, invitations for membership to the FHC were issued to the High Point Housing Authority, High Point Housing Coalition, and the Triad Apartment Association (TAA). Fair Housing committee members are Ron Butler, Angela McGill, Cam Cridlebaugh, Steve Key, Mary Gwyn, and Milagros Amaro.

The Human Relations Department is in the process of submitting an application to HUD for Substantial Equivalency Certification, which would designate our department as a Fair Housing Administrative Program (FHAP) agency. This designation means that a State or local agency has the ability to enforce a local law that provides substantive rights, procedures, remedies and judicial review provisions that are substantially equivalent to the federal Fair Housing Act. In addition, the department is currently researching Fair Housing Initiative Program (FHIP) grants and is in conversation with HUD about becoming an FHIP agency until our FHAP status is approved.

To better serve the community, the department has relocated to the second (main) floor of City Hall. The new space has a conference room for conducting training, educational programming, mediations, and an expanded resource area. The department has also added an additional position of Human Relations Specialist, who is responsible for fair housing education, outreach, and investigations. The Human Relations Department is working to develop a Fair Housing & Equal Opportunity educational program.

The Human Relations Department celebrates Fair Housing Month each April. The Department will be working closely with the City of High Point's Community Development & Housing Department to implement the educational component of lead abatement, recognizing that potential fair housing concerns exist related to properties containing lead-based paint hazards.

D. Discharge Policy

The City of High Point does not expend funds directly or indirectly to public institutions and/or systems of care that may discharge persons resulting in homelessness of such persons. The City, however, provides technical assistance to organizations that serve the homeless. The City's Community Development and Housing Department works closely with the High Point Housing Coalition, a task force of homeless shelters and supportive service providers. The City played a leading role in establishing the Housing Coalition and a department staff member continues to provide technical assistance and other support to the group. The City also utilizes its CDBG program to fund public service activities that are available to Homeless Service Providers.

Assessment of Fair Housing and Consolidated Plan

HUD has released draft rules requiring entitlement cities to prepare an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) at least every five years. The assessment must be submitted 270 days prior to submission of the next 5-year Plan. HUD grant recipients must undertake this assessment in keeping with their obligation to 'affirmatively further fair housing' (AFFH). Draft HUD rules published in the Federal Register on July 19, 2013, (FR-5173) encourage and allow local jurisdictions to join together to prepare a Regional Assessment of Fair Housing (RAFH), thereby achieving economies of scale and addressing fair housing issues within the housing market. The City of High Point, the City of Burlington, the City of Greensboro and the Surry County HOME Consortium have agreed to partner in the development of Regional Assessment of Fair Housing. Under the terms of the agreement, the City of High Point will serve as the lead entity with administrative services provided by the Piedmont Triad Regional Council.

Mullin & Lonergan, Assoc. (M&L), who conducted the City's most recent analysis of impediments to fair housing in 2009, has been contracted to develop the RAFH due in 2014. Although the AFH will be prepared on a regional scale, individual fair housing goals and prioritized actions will be developed for each of the three cities and the four-county Surry HOME Consortium for inclusion in their respective Five-Year Consolidated Plans.

Total costs for the AFH are not expected to exceed \$90,000 with expenses shared among the participants based on the jurisdictions' 2012 population and HUD funding received in 2013. High Point's share will be not exceed \$20,000. The City's share will be funded from existing HUD funds (HOME Administrative). AFFH goals identified in the AFH must be used to inform the strategies and actions of the Consolidated Plan and the Annual Action Plan which will take effect July 1, 2015.

Consolidated Plan –Background: As an entitlement community, HUD requires the City to consolidate its planning, application and reporting requirements for its federally funded programs into a consolidated plan covering five years of proposed activities. The Consolidated Plan contains goals, measurable objectives and implementation strategies for each of the elements included in it. It is based on community needs gathered through the citizen participation process, staff analyses, recommendations from the Citizens Advisory Council, and direction and guidance provided by the City Council. The Consolidated Plan document is the result of a collaborative process whereby the citizens of High Point establishes a unified vision for community development actions. It offers local jurisdictions the opportunity to shape various housing and community development programs into effective, coordinated neighborhood strategies. It, also, facilitates strategic planning and citizen participation in a comprehensive context and reduces duplication of effort. This document shall include a one-year Action Plan that describes activities to be funded or implemented in the first year of the five-year consolidated plan and implements the strategies formulated to accomplish objectives identified in the Consolidated Plan. The City plans to release an RFP for consulting services to assist in development of the Conplan in late April 2014.

HOME Investment Partnerships Program - Changes to Final Rule

The HOME Program is the largest federal block grant program for affordable housing. It provides funding to State and local governments for rental and homebuyer housing development, homebuyer (down payment) assistance, homeowner rehabilitation assistance and tenant-based rental assistance. HUD published a Final Rule in the Federal Register on July 24, 2013 to amend the HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) Program regulations. These amendments to the HOME regulations represent the most significant changes to the HOME Program in 17 years. Since its inception, many HOME participating jurisdictions (PJs) have encountered new challenges in administering their programs and in managing their growing portfolios of older HOME projects. These challenges have been intensified by recent housing and credit market conditions. Informed by what HUD and HOME PJs (including the City of High Point) have learned over the years, HUD made significant changes to the HOME program regulations with the overall goal of providing PJs and their partners with regulatory guidance to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of the HOME Program in the context of a more complex housing and community development environment.

The 2013 Rule contains many new provisions and changes that will have substantive and broad-based impact on how participating jurisdictions administer HOME activities. The 2013 Rule also codifies existing policy guidance that has been previously issued by HUD, and addresses a number of technical and non-substantive "housekeeping" items within the HOME regulation. The key substantive changes in the regulation are intended to:

- ♣ Accelerate the timely production and occupancy of assisted housing,
- ♣ Strengthen the performance of PJs and their partners in producing and preserving affordable housing units,
- ♣ Provide PJs with greater flexibility in the design and implementation of their programs, and
- **↓** Increase administrative transparency and accountability.

The City shall modify and implement changes to its policies/procedures and all underlying processes as well as documentation to comply with the new 2013 HOME Rule.

VI. Other Activities/Actions

The next several pages detail programs funded by additional grants awarded to the City of High Point for administration by the Community Development and Housing Department.

Housing:	Lead Hazard Control Funds Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program Construction Training Partnership	\$500,000 1,350,000 130,000
CNDD	VITA	4,000

VITA 4,000 Harmony House (US DOJ) 314,700 Continuum of Care (Shelter Plus Care) 78,012

TOTAL: \$2,376,712

The City successfully applied for competitive grants that fund additional activities. These funds enable enhancement and expansion of current efforts to create safe, healthy and sustainable neighborhoods. Lead Hazard grant funds will fund education materials and activities; inspections and risk assessments; remediation services, and clearance of lead in homes built before 1978. The Construction Training Partnership will offer on-the-job training for ex-offenders, leading to a stable career and life. Shelter Plus Care addresses the needs of chronically homeless persons in collaboration with Open Door Ministries as part of CD&H's involvement with Guilford County's 10-year Plan to End Homelessness. The Section 108 Loan Guarantee program will enable additional housing to benefit low-to-moderate income residents. Harmony House provides a neutral visitation site for victims of crime/abuse and their families; VITA offers free tax preparation to area residents.

A. Lead-Based Paint Hazard Remediation

Budget: \$500,000

Activity: Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control

Source: HUD

National Objective: Low and Moderate Income Housing

Eligibility Citation: 24 CFR Part 35, "Lead-based paint poisoning prevention in

certain residential structures"

Goal: Conduct lead hazard control work activities

Objective: Conduct lead hazard control activities on 109 units

Outcome: Lead-safe residences

Performance Measures: 59 housing units remediated



During the course of most rehabilitation activities, whether emergency, limited or comprehensive in scope, it is likely that painted surfaces will be disturbed. The department conforms to the federal mandate established by Title X of the 1992 Housing and Community Development Act that HUD funded programs, including Housing Rehabilitation Programs; incorporate lead-based paint hazard evaluation, remediation/reduction strategies and clearance requirements for all housing structures built before 1978.

The U.S. Centers for Disease Control (CDC) reports that at least 4 million households have children living in them that are being exposed to high levels of lead. The CDC estimates approximately half a million U.S. children ages 1-5 with blood lead levels above 5 micrograms per deciliter (μ g/dL), the new reference level at which CDC recommends public health actions are to be initiated. According to the 2010 Census, City of High Point housing data indicates approximately 69% of local housing stock as built before 1978, or approximately 20,970 residential structures.

Lead is a dangerous and pervasive poison. Anyone at any age, even pets, can become poisoned by lead. Because lead is harmful to the developing brain and nervous system, exposure to lead is especially dangerous to fetuses and young children. Because lead exposure often occurs with no obvious symptoms, it frequently goes unrecognized. Low-level lead exposure, including prenatal exposure, has been linked to decreased performance on standardized IQ tests and end-of-grade testing for school-aged children.

Children are not uniformly exposed to lead. The age of the child, race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and age of housing all play a role in the risk of exposure to and development of childhood lead poisoning. Children living in poverty are four times more likely to have elevated blood lead levels than children from wealthier families. Children with elevated blood lead levels are not distributed evenly;

rather, they are disproportionately located in older neighborhoods. Due to their overrepresentation in lower income neighborhoods, African-American children are four times more likely to have elevated blood lead levels than white children.

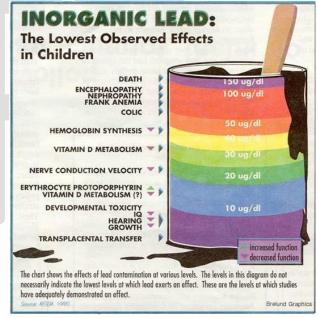
To reduce the potential for adverse health effects attributable to the rehabilitation of deteriorated lead-based paint surfaces, the City: 1) provides educational material to all housing rehabilitation customers with information about the potential health hazards posed by the presence of deteriorated lead-based paint; 2) provides information about protecting their families from this hazardous substance; 3) Project Managers, who oversee rehabilitation projects, are trained to incorporate proper hazard reduction techniques into the treatment of lead-based paint; 4) program contractors are trained and certified on lead hazard remediation and are EPA RR&P accredited.

HUD Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Grant Award

On September 15, 2011, HUD announced a \$2.475 million Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Grant award to the City of High Point to continue the Department's on-going Lead-based Paint Remediation Program on private residential housing serving very low to moderate income families. The City's on-going lead remediation program begun in 2008 has resulted in 274 residential units made "lead safe."

Goals and Objectives: The City's primary goal is the elimination and/or control of identified lead hazards in one hundred eighty (180) housing units involving very low to moderate families with children under six years of age, with a priority given to units occupied by children with an Elevated Blood Lead Level. Other ongoing objectives include:

- 1) Increase the number of children screened for lead poisoning;
- 2) Increase public awareness of lead-based paint prevention through a *Lead Safe High Point* Initiative;
- 3) Promote primary prevention strategies for families with children under six years of age who have low-level lead poisoning of 5 micrograms per deciliter (μ g/dL);
- 4) Promote NC Department of Public Health's Preventative Maintenance Program;
- 5) Provide EPA certified Lead Supervisor/Worker and EPA Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule training to contractors, management companies, building inspectors and others;
- 6) Promote comprehensive fair housing initiatives, in cooperation with the City Human Relations Department, to housing providers, civic and community-based organizations, and elected and appointed officials;
- 7) Updates to the city web-based Lead Safe Housing Registry.



Eligible Residential Housing Units: The program is available to all housing units City-wide occupied by income eligible families. However, six census tracts/neighborhoods located in the Core-City that have socioeconomic and environmental risk factors which demonstrate the likely prevalence of lead-based paint exposure (including age of housing, poverty, crime, low educational scores, and concentrated ethnicity) will be targeted as follows: Tract Number (Neighborhood) 136.02 (Five Points & Montlieu); 138 (Washington Street); 139 (East Central); 140 (Southside & West End); 142 (Macedonia), and 143 (Highland Mills & Ward Avenue). Current data confirms a higher concentration of children with blood lead poisoning within these tracts.

Applicants must meet each of the following criteria: 1) Residential building was constructed prior to 1978; 2) occupied by very low to moderate income person or family; 3) contains lead-based paint, dust or soil.

The following free services will be available to eligible applicants:

- 1. **Lead Inspection**: an analysis of all coated surfaces to confirm the presence of lead paint coatings (paint, varnish, shellac) in a dwelling for lead with an x-ray fluorescence analyzer, an electronic device used to find lead-based paint.
- 2. *Risk Assessment*: an analysis report explaining the results of the inspection and to confirm the presence of lead-based paint hazards.
- 3. *Remediation Services:* activity which eliminates or controls lead paint hazards that have/can cause poisoning.
- 4. *Clearance*: an environmental test to confirm, by a visual inspection (exterior) and taking dust samples (interior) that lead-based paint hazards have been remediated and that proper clean up using Lead Safe Work Practices has occurred.

The City of High Point has established the following prioritization schedule for identified units:

- 1. referrals from the Guilford County Health Department confirming presence children less than six years of age identified with elevated blood lead levels;
- 2. presence of children less than six years of age as part of a Primary Prevention Program, a proactive approach to control lead hazards before children are poisoned;
- 3. housing units located in the identified targeted areas;
- 4. Cost Value Benefit (remediation vs. structure value);
- 5. degree of lead hazards;
- 6. housing units earmarked for existing rehabilitation programs; and
- 7. housing units located outside of the targeted areas.

The City of High Point Community Development & Housing Department has affirmed support of Healthy People 2020, a national initiative comprised of state and federal goals to promote "health for all through a healthy environment" for all U.S. citizens and to end lead-based paint poisoning by 2020.

Additional information on the City's Lead Safe High Point program can be found at www.leadsafehp.org.

B. HUD Section 108 Loan funds/LIHTC (Low Income Housing Tax Credit)

Budget: \$1,350,000

Activity: Public Improvements
Source: Section 108/CDBG

National Objective: Benefitting low- and moderate-

income persons

Eligibility Citation: 24 CFR Part 570.703

Goal: Provide affordable rental housing Objective: Provide decent housing; suitable

living

Outcome: Affordability

Performance Measures: 84 units of multi-family housing



Section 108 is the loan guarantee provision of the Community

Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. Section 108 provides communities with a source of financing for economic development, housing rehabilitation, public facilities, and large-scale physical development projects. The program allows local governments to transform a small portion of their CDBG funds into large, federally guaranteed loans for eligible projects such as funding public improvements in support of Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) projects. In 2010, the City received a \$3,907,000 Section 108 loan guarantee to leverage private funding from local banking institutions to create and maintain a Small Business Loan program. However, due to market demand, the City has modified its Section 108 application to expand the utilization of these proceeds to further benefit low-and moderate-income residents of High Point to finance public improvements in support of multi-family housing initiatives.

The City will partner with experienced for-profit and non-profit developers of multi-family housing, particularly those with experience in securing LIHTC for proposed projects. For example, the City partnered with High Point-based Wynnefield Properties to construct and manage Admiral Pointe, a 54-unit affordable housing development for the elderly (age 55 & up), which completed construction in December 2012. As a follow up to Admiral Pointe, the City partnered with Wynnefield to support the development of another affordable housing facility that will serve low- to moderate-income beneficiaries (Addington Ridge, a 58-unit, multi-family development presently under construction). The City anticipates partnering with Wynnefield in support of a third multi-family development for the 2014 round

C. North Carolina Construction Training Program

Budget: \$130,000 Activity: Rehabilitation

Source: General Funds (\$65,000) and N.C. Housing Finance Agency (\$65,000)

National Objective: Benefitting low- and moderate-income persons

Goal: To provide emergency housing rehabilitation services to low- and moderate-income (LMI) homeowners;

improve quality of existing LMI housing stock

Objective: Providing Decent Housing

Outcome: Availability

Performance Measures: 20 students trained/5 rehabilitations

In 2013, the City entered into a tri-party agreement with the N. C. Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA) and the N. C. Homebuilders Association (NCHBA) to provide occupational training to City residents and to build/renovate affordable housing. The City will pay the soft costs associated with training at an amount not to exceed \$65,000. NCHBA will conduct a range of training services that shall consist of no less than two (8) week construction classes, consisting of classroom and hands-on residential new construction and/or rehabilitation field training followed by job placement activities. NCHFA will pay the hard costs of eligible program-related new construction or rehabilitation activities at an amount not to exceed \$65,000. The City will identify and select eligible residential construction projects to serve as class related field laboratories and instructional models. The City will choose new and/or rehabilitation projects with a sufficiently broad scope of work so as to allow students the widest possible variety of construction training exposures and experiences. The City has procured a general contractor partner (High Point Committee Against Violence ("HPCAV")) to work with one or more if its development partners (e.g., Habitat for Humanity and Unity Partners) who will be responsible for the satisfactory completion of all work performed on program-related projects. The City will work with HPCAV to schedule work commensurate with the training needs of each class. The City will administer disbursement of NCHFA-provided funds, maintain accurate and detailed records of all eligible program-related transactions, and report to the Agency as required by this agreement.

D. VITA -- Volunteer Income Tax Assistance \$4,000

The Community and Neighborhood Development Division continues to offer free tax preparation for low-to-moderate-income individuals during tax season. A program of the IRS, VITA offers services six days a week free of charge to residents of High Point and surrounding areas. We expect to file more than 400 federal tax returns this year. Partner agencies provide other resources and services to taxpayers as needed. Partnerships this year include the United Way of Greater High Point; High Point University; Guilford Technical Community College; West End Ministries; and Macedonia Family Resource Center. The program provides college students with hands-on experience in tax preparation as well as the satisfaction of volunteering for a worthwhile cause. The program will increase awareness of the Earned Income Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit. The three VITA sites this year are Community & Neighborhood Development Center at 201 Fourth Street, West End Community Center at 901 English Road, and Macedonia Family Resource Center at 401 Lake Avenue.

FREE TAX PREPARATION

Beginning January 27th



VOID <u>EXPENSIVE</u> 'RAPID REFUND' LOANS and GE

YOUR REFUND IN 10-14 DAYS OR LESS

GET YOUR TAXES PREPARED FREE BY IRS-CERTIFIED VOLUNTEERS
AT ANY HIGH POINT VITA SITE LISTED BELOW. TAXES ARE DONE ON A FIRST-COME, FIRST-SERVE
BASIS. CALL 336-883-3041 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

MACEDONIA FAMILY RESOURCE CENTER 401 LAKE AVENUE	COMMUNITY & NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT 201 FOURTH STREET	WEST END COMMUNITY CENTER 903 ENGLISH ROAD
MONDAYS & WEDNESDAYS	TUESDAYS & THURSDAYS	FRIDAYS
5:00 TO 7:30 P.M.	5:00 TO 7:30 P.M.	3:00 - 5:30 P.M.
	SATURDAYS	
	2:00 P.M. TO 5:00 P.M.	







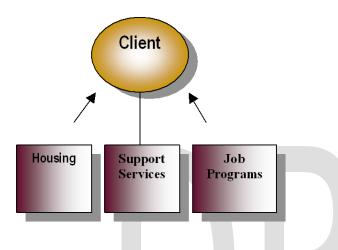




E. Harmony House \$314,700

This program, awarded to Family Service of the Piedmont in partnership with the City of High Point (oversight and financial pass-through by CNDD), provides a safe, neutral and family-friendly means of supervised visitation and safe exchange service for victims of domestic violence, child abuse, sexual assault, teen dating violence, and stalking. The program will serve families in Guilford County and surrounding counties as appropriate. The US Department of Justice, Office on Violence Against Women will play a substantial role in shaping and monitoring the program. The City of High Point will work collaboratively in planning implementation phases along with Harmony House, Family Service of the Piedmont and the 18th Judicial District Court.

F. Continuum of Care (Special Needs Assistance Program) Formerly Shelter Plus Care



Budget: \$78,012

Activity: Permanent Supportive Housing for the Homeless

Source: Homeless Assistance Programs

National Objective: Low to Moderate-Income Limited Clientele

Eligibility Citation: 24 CFR 570.201(p), 208(a)(2) and 582

Goal: Provide long-term housing and supportive services homeless

persons with disabilities

Objective: (Creating Economic Opportunities)

Outcome: Sustainability
Public Service Access: Improved

Performance Measures: Projected number of persons to be served- 11

The City of High Point serves as the fiscal agent for the Shelter Plus Care Program with Open Door Ministries serving as the service provider. The program is entering its seventh year and currently assists 11 homeless individuals with disabilities to obtain housing stability and address their supportive service needs. This year the program will successfully graduate two individuals who will exit the program to permanent housing. One client has obtained a Section 8 voucher and is no longer in need of supportive services and another client has become stable and has obtained multiple federal benefits and he now believes that he is ready to move out on his own. Open Door Ministries will continue to provide ongoing supportive services from obtaining furniture to ensuring clients receive proper medical care.

The City provides yearly inspections at each residence to ensure compliance with HUD quality standards, processes rent, utility, and gas payments. Open Door Ministries will provide case management, direct supportive services, and maintain the services provided documentation for each client. Clients who receive disability payments from the federal government are required to make prorated rent payments. Open Door Ministries will be assisting remaining clients to apply for Social Security Disability payments. If Open Door Ministries succeeds in securing these disability payments, revenue will be added to the program funds. When this revenue amount is substantial, another client will be added to the program. To provide a more direct door to permanent housing, the High Point Housing Authority is expected to take over as fiscal agent for the grant this coming year. The City of High Point will be working to ensure a smooth transition for our clients and service providers.

Other Action:

Neighborhood Stabilization Program

In the summer of 2009 the City of High Point's application for Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) funding was approved. The program, authorized under the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, was established for the purpose of stabilizing communities that have suffered from foreclosures and abandonment. NSP provided grants to every state and certain local communities to purchase foreclosed or abandoned homes and to rehabilitate, resell, or redevelop these homes in order to stabilize neighborhoods and prevent the further decline of house values of neighboring homes.

The City of High Point realized the goal of the program was more than a means to acquire and redevelop foreclosed properties: it was an opportunity to help rebuild neighborhoods hardest hit by foreclosure with new qualified and able homeowners. An important aspect of the program is that all homebuyers are required to attend homebuyer education classes. These classes help ensure that buyers gain a strong financial foundation and prevent mortgage defaults, and foreclosures, in the future.

The City used NSP funds to purchase 9 homes with the intent to sell to very low-income first-time homebuyers, but has had difficulty selling the single family homes due to insecurity in the job market coupled with potential buyers who unable to meet criteria currently set by the lending industry. Under NSP program guidelines, if the City is unable to sell NSP-assisted homes, alternatives such as lease purchasing or rentals must be considered to ensure the properties benefit low income families. Consequently, the City will make the remaining properties available to income eligible buyers on a lease-purchase basis. Eight future homeowners are presently participating in this program and it is anticipated that all of them will close on their homes before their one-year lease expires.

As of January 1, 2014, all program income generated from the sale of these homes must be returned to the for possible re-allocation or other award process. The process that the State will use to reallocate program income to grantees has not been finalized. However, it is anticipated that these funds will be used for NSP-eligible projects that are "shovel-ready," as competition for these funds should be strong. Once the application process has been developed, the City will make application to the State on behalf of the following projects:

- Infrastructure for Phase III of the Southside Revitalization Project
- ♣ Bridge over Richland Creed connecting a proposed walking trail between Southside Elementary school and City-owned land adjacent to Phase III of the Southside Revitalization Plan
- ♣ Acquisition of blighted properties in the Core City for "land banking"
- ♣ Installation of "traffic calming devices" in the Graves Avenue area on N. Hoskins Street

CD&H will remain in contact with the NCDOC and will apply for these funds when they become available.